

#### Displacement and Returns Update

Returns Working Group, 25 August 2020

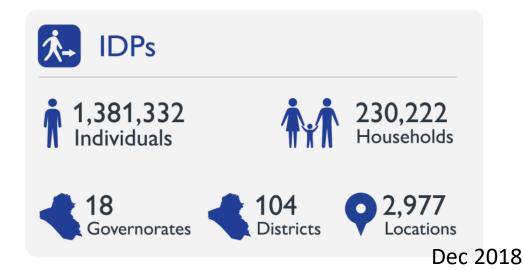
#### Latest Displacement Data (May-June 2020)





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-8,208 IDPs since last round



**68% Private settings** 936.318 Individuals



24% Camps 330,324 Individuals



**8% Critical shelters** 113,928 Individuals

+12,948 returnees since last round



94% Habitual residence 4,468,974 Individuals



2% Private settings 77,166 Individuals



4% Critical shelter: 171,990 Individuals

August 2020

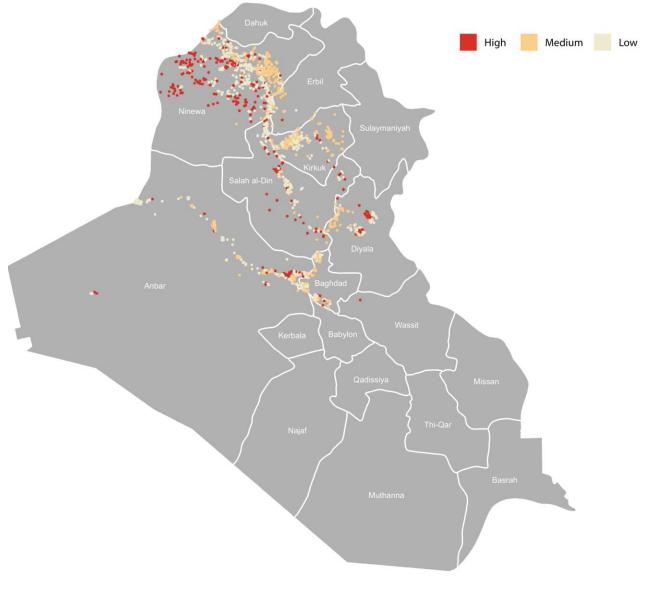
#### Return Index

#### Return Index Round 9



Data collected May-June 2020

- The data for Round 9 of the Return Index was collected during the months of May and June 2020
- As of 30 June 2020, an additional 115,806 returnees were identified, reaching a total of 4,706,928 returnees (784,488 households).
- During Round 9, an additional 163 locations of return were assessed.



Return locations per category of severity

August 2020

#### Overall Severity



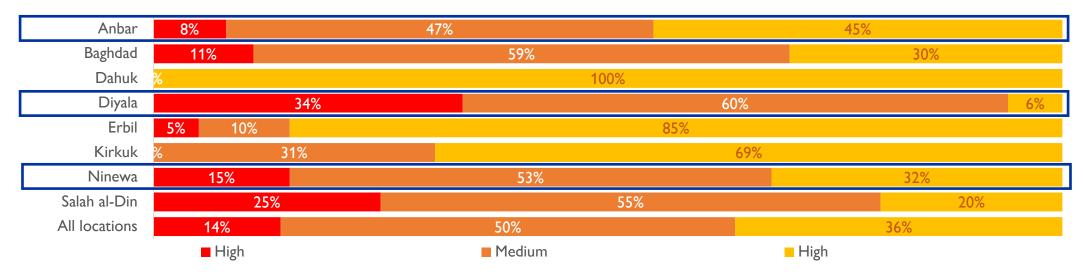
High Severity	Medium Severity	Low Severity
14%	50%	36%
659,082 returnees	2,341,926 returnees	1,705,920 returnees

- Out of the 2,013 return locations assessed, 487 present severe conditions hosting 14% of the returnee population (659,082 individuals).
- This is a 3 per cent increase compared to the previous round collected in January February 2020, when 11% of the returnee population (516,552 individuals) were in severe conditions.
- An increase of 142,530 returnees living in severe or poor conditions has been observed.

	HIGH SEVERITY	
Governorate	No. of returnees	No. of locations
Anbar	122,256	30
Baghdad	9,552	15
Dahuk		
Diyala	77,274	78
Erbil	2,430	13
Kirkuk	906	4
Ninewa	273,036	296
Salah al-Din	173,628	51
Total	659,082	487

#### The largest increases





- The largest increases in number of returnees living in severe conditions were recorded in Ninewa (108,558), Diyala (33,546) and Anbar (19,506) governorates.
- In Ninewa (mainly in Telafar, Mosul and Al-Ba'aj) due to increasing concern about different sources of violence, worsening of the employment situation and changes in daily public life because of COVID-19 outbreak and ensuing lockdown.
- In Diyala (mainly in Al-Muqdadiya) where due to the outbreak and lockdown, the worsening of condition for businesses, employment and daily public life was observed.
- In Anbar (mainly in Falluja) also due to the lockdown, which affected the provision of basic social services, concern about different sources of violence and daily public life.

#### HOTSPOTS PER GOVERNORATE



#### Thirty-seven hotspots were identified across six governorates in this

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round. Salah al-din	NINEWA	ANBAR
Al-Amerli Al-Eshaqi Al-Moatassem Al-Siniya Markaz Al-Balad Markaz Al-Daur Markaz Al-Shirqat Markaz Baiji Markaz Samarra Markaz Tikrit Markaz Tuz Khurmatu	Al- Muhalabiya Al-Qahtaniya Al-Shamal Ayadiya Hamam al Aleel Markaz Al-Ba'aj Markaz Hatra Markaz Mosul Markaz Sinjar Markaz Telafar Qaeyrrawan	Al-Amirya Al-Garma Al-Saqlawiyah Husaibah Al-Sharqiah Markaz Al-Ka'im Markaz Heet
Suleiman Beg Yathreb	Zummar	

Abo Sayda Jalula Markaz Al-Muqdadiya Qara Tabe

DIYALA

Taza Khurmatu

KIRKUK

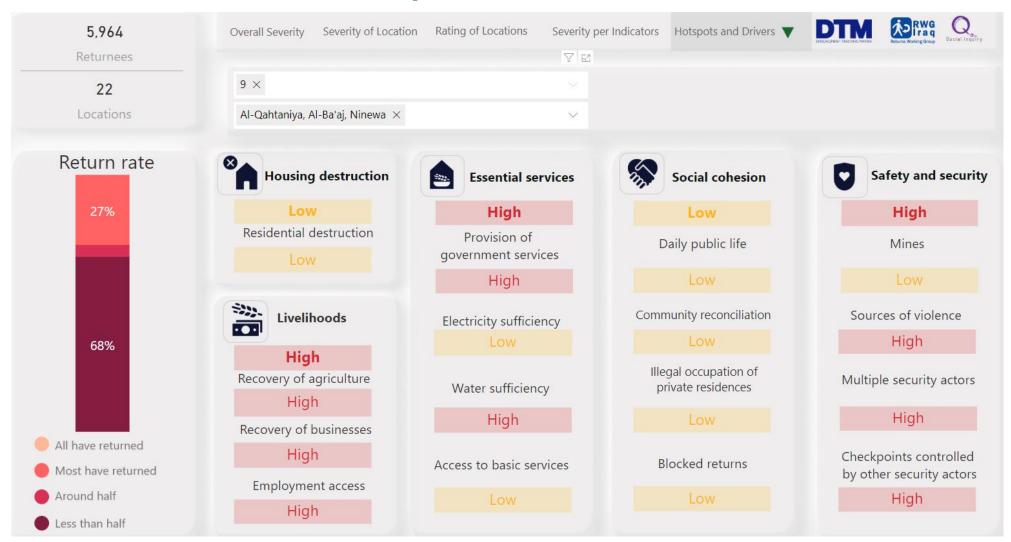
**BAGHDAD** 

Al-Nasir Walsalam Ninewa Sulaymaniyah Kirkuk Salah al-Din Anbar Wassit Ali Al-Gharbi Qadissiya Missan Thi-Qar Najaf Shatt Al-Aral Suq Al Shoyokh Basrah Muthanna Abu Al-Khaseeb Al-Salman

Subdistricts are classified as 'hotspots' if they score highly in terms of severity on at least one of the two scales (either livelihoods and basic services, or safety and social cohesion) or if they score medium in terms of severity but also host relatively large numbers of returnees. In this round, the criteria for selecting hotspots was revised and set to at least 60,000 returnees for a subdistrict in medium category to be considered highly populated and to be included to the list of hotspots.

## Drivers of severity





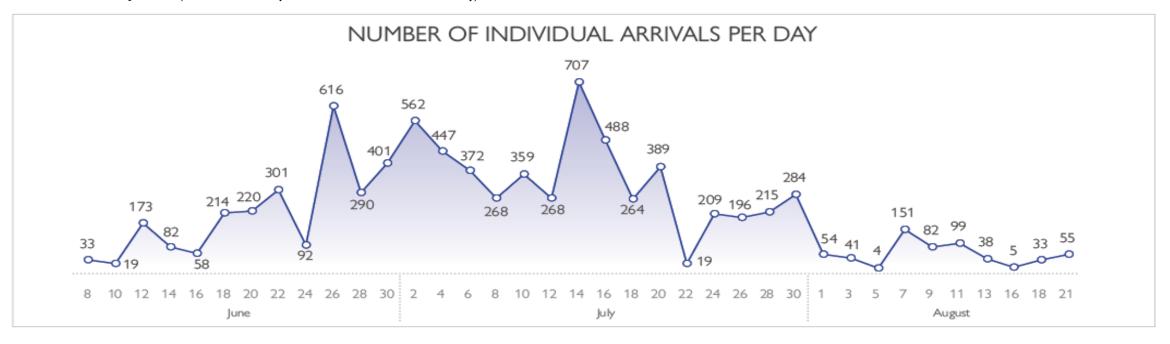
http://iraqdtm.iom.int/ReturnIndex

# DTM Emergency Tracking: Sinjar Movements

#### Sinjar and Al Ba'aj Movements

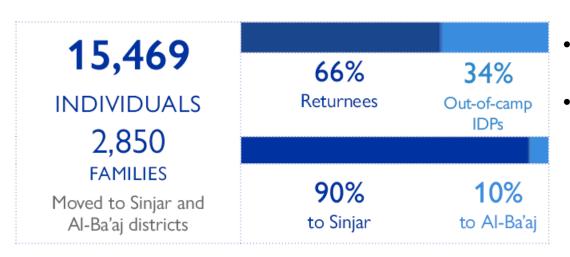


- Since 8 June 2020, DTM has activated an Emergency Tracking assessment on the recent displacement movements to Sinjar and Al-Ba'aj districts in Ninewa governorate
- This presentation includes an overview of these movements between 8 June and 21 August, and highlights the most updated figures for 7-21 August
- Between 7-21 August 132 families returned to Sinjar and Al-Ba'aj districts.. The average number of daily individual arrivals was 48 to Sinjar and 7 to Al-Ba'aj. This is significantly lower than the overall daily average since June (192 to Sinjar and 20 to Al-Ba'aj).



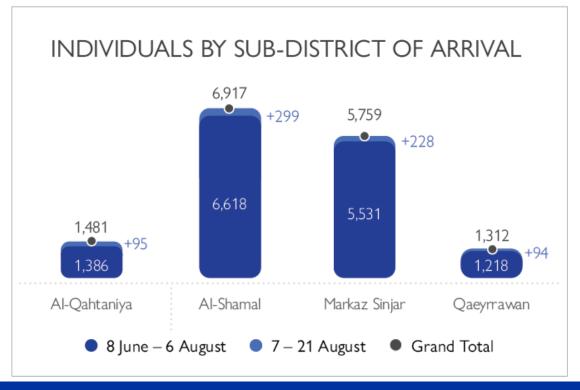
## Sinjar and Al-Ba'aj Movements





- Since 8 June, 15,469 individuals (2,850 families) have returned to Sinjar and Al-Ba'aj districts in Iraq's Ninewa governorate.
- The majority of individuals (66%) have been recorded as returnees, while 34% have been recorded as out-of-camp IDPs.

- Between 7-21 August, the most common sub-districts of arrival were Al-Shamal (42%) and Markaz Sinjar (32%).
- Together, these two sub-districts comprise 82% of all individuals that have arrived to Sinjar and Al-Ba'aj since data collection commenced on 8 June.



## DTM Emergency Tracking: Diyala Movements

## Diyala Movements



- Significant return movements began taking place to Diyala since 11 August 2020
- As of 18 August, 332 families have been recorded as returnees to Diyala, 261 (79%) in Muqdadiya district and 71 (21%) in Khanaqin district
- In Muqdadiya district, most returned to the villages of Hembes (109 families) and Muaskar Al-Mansur (44 families) in Markaz Al-Muqdadiya, while in Khanaqin district the majority returned to Ahmed Hani (32 families) and Rabiah (24 families) in As-Saadia sub-district.

#### NUMBER OF RETURNEE FAMILIES BY LOCATION OF RETURN 109 24 21 18 17 Hembes Village Muaskar Al Ahmed Hani Rabiah Village Abo Dihin Al Isaiwed Al Shekha Al Tinaira Nofal village Shamarkhi Sinsil Al Wasat Al-Asriyah Village Village Village Village Mansur village village Village village Markaz Al-Muqdadiya As-Saadia Al-Muqdadiya Khanagin

#### Diyala Movements



- The majority (240 families) came from locations in Diyala, while the rest came from Sulaymaniyah,
   Baghdad and Kirkuk.
- The majority came from non-camp locations (292 families) while 34 families came from camps.

#### NUMBER OF RETURNEE FAMILIES BY DISTRICT OF LAST DISPLACEMENT

